## Q.1 A) Select the best answer from the given options and rewrite the statement. (Any Ten)

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- i) The demand for a product is the amount that
  - a) Buyers purchase in the market
  - b) Buyers are willing to purchase at a given price
  - c) Buyers are willing and able to purchase at alternative prices
  - d) Buyers are able to purchase at a specific price.
- ii) The downward sloping curve indicates that
  - a) As price increases, quantity demanded decreases
  - b) As price increases, quantity demanded increases
  - c) As price decreases, quantity demanded increases
  - d) None of the above
- iii) Expert opinion is a
  - a) Survey method
  - b) Statistical method
  - c) Both a and b
  - d) None of the above
- iv) Demand is relatively inelastic when,
  - a) Ed = 1
  - b) Ed > 1
  - c) Ed < 1
  - d) Ed = 0
- v) Sunk cost means\_\_\_\_
  - a) Cost that is recovered
  - b) Cost of foregone alternatives
  - c) Both a and b
  - d) None of the above
- vi) Breakeven point is reached when a firm
  - a) Earns zero profit
  - b) Covers fixed cost
  - c) Covers variable cost
  - d) All the above
- vii) Time series analysis considers
  - a) Trends
  - b) Cyclical & seasonal fluctuations
  - c) Irregular movements
  - d) All the above
- viii) Demand forecasting is always
  - a) Unreliable
  - b) Accurate
  - c) Conditional
  - d) None of the above

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## ix) Economies of scale exist when

- a) Increasing production reduces average cost
- b) Increasing returns applies in the short term
- c) Doubling factor input doubles output
- d) Greater experience in producing the product reduces average cost
- x) The wages of labour is an example of
  - a) Variable cost
  - b) Fixed cost
  - c) Both a and b
  - d) None of the above
- xi) Which of the following curve is also called as envelope curve
  - a) SMC
  - b) SAC
  - c) LAC
  - d) AFC

Group A

1. Function

3. Oligopoly

5. Ep = 1

8.Ep < 1

4. Opportunity cost

6. Market supply curve

7. Increasing returns

9.Statistical method

10. Survey method

- xii) Short run production function includes
  - a) Only fixed factors
  - b) Only variable factors
  - c) Both a & b
  - d) None of the above

2. Negative relationship

## Q.1 B) Match the following. (Any TEN)

a. Experts opinion poll
b. Value of the best alternative sacrificed
c. summation of all the individual supply curves
d. Inelastic demand
e. variables move together in the opposite directions
f. Least square method
g.elastic demand
h. the relationship between two or more economic variables

Group B

I. U shaped curve

J. Kinky demand curve

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10

11. Ep > 1	K. i	K. increase in output  L. Unitary Elasticity of demand						
12. Short	L. U							
A) What is	pt A and B or C Business Econ- te TR, AR, MR	and D omics? What is th	ne significa	ance of b	ousiness eco	onom	ics?	15 08 07
Q	1	2	3		4		5	
P	200	190	180		170		160	
				8 a 4			-	(4)
		OR						
C) Explain	: Movement alo						08	
D) Explain	: Shift in the de	mand curve					9 F 9 F 9	07
Q.3 Attempt A and B or C and D								15
		on? Explain deter		demand	l.			08
3) Discuss	Promotional el	asticity of demand OR	d.					07
C) What ar	e the types of P	rice elasticity of c	demand?					08
O) Explain	Survey Method	ls of demand Fore	ecasting.				in second	07
0. 4 Attem	pt A and B or C	and D		<u>.</u>				15
A) Explain law of variable proportion.					1			08
B) Explain types of economies of scale.  OR								07
C) Explain	returns to scale							08
D) Discuss		0 = V W		**		07		
) 13130433	Expansion ran							07
0.5 Attemr	ot A and B or C	and D						15
A) Distinguish between Fixed Cost and Variable Cost								08
		ulate TVC, MC, A						07
Q	1	2	3		4		5	·····
TC	100	150	175		220		300	À
			-	100			12 E	4.
		OR						- 5
C) Derive long run average cost curve from short run cost curves of a firm								08
D) Explain	breakeven poin	it.						08 07
	24 14 2							
		rite Short Notes of						20
l) Explain Kinky demand curve under oligopoly market.								10
3) What Do	emand Forecast	ing? What is the	significand	ce of it?				10
		OR						

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- 1. Functions & Equations
- 2. Opportunity Cost
- 3. External economies of scale
- 4. Promotional elasticity of demand
- 5. Implicit cost and Explicit cost