F.Y. Bcom SEM-I Reg Exam Oct-2019

AIC

- 1) All questions are compulsory Dcute: 15/10/19
- 2) Each question carries 20 marks.
- 3) Q. No. 2 to 5 has internal options. Please read each question fully as it may be spread over subsequent page.
- 4) Prepare neat working notes wherever required.

Time: 3 hours

Marks: 100

- 1.a) State whether the following statements are true or false without giving reasons (Any ten):
 - a) FIFO method is best suited for stock valuation of perishable goods
 - b) Purchase of a second-hand motor-car is a Capital Expenditure.
 - c) Expenses on issue of Shares, is an example of Revenue Expenditure.
 - d) Amount received by Salman Khan for Bajrangi Bhaijaan is Capital receipt.
 - e) During rising prices, FIFO method always gives a higher value of stock.
 - f) All capital expenditures result in acquisition of assets.
 - g) Valuation of stock of petrol by a petrol pump can easily be done by FIFO.
 - h) Sale of scrap by a factory is a revenue receipt.
 - i) Amount received on sale of patent rights is a capital receipt.
 - j) A 'Daily Stock Register' is prepared under 'Perpetual Inventory System.
 - k) Electricity Charges can be allocated on the basis of area occupied.
 - I) Hire Purchase price includes Cash price and interest.

1. b) Match the columns and re-write the sentences (any ten) :

AS -1	Liability side
AS - 9 🗼	Seller of goods
Going Concern Concept	Revenue receipt
Valuation of Closing Stock	Revenue recognition
Carriage Inwards	Cost of Production
Sales tax refund	General Profit & Loss Account
Goods destroyed by fire	AS - 2
Provision for doubtful debts	Significant Accounting Policies
Bank Overdraft	Added to cost price of goods purchased
Expenses not connected with departments	Cost or realizable value, whichever is lower
Hire Vendor	Fundamental Accounting Concept
Manufacturing Account	Deducted from Debtors
	Revenue loss
	Departmental Trading Account
1185. 2	

2.) Following balances are extracted from the books of Mr. Chatur kumar for the year ending December 31, 2018. Prepare the Manufacturing, Trading, Profit & Loss account for the year and the Balance Sheet as on 31/12/2018.

Dr Rs.	Cr Rs.
6,000	
	6,000
26,000	
	3,00,000
5,000	
4,000	
1.00m - 10 m - 11 34	6,000
48,000	
2,00,000	
24,000	
14,000	
90,000	
60,000	
1,50,000	
6,000	
5,25,000	
	3,000
36,000	
	9,90,000
	92,000
80,000	
1,23,000	
13,97,000	13,97,000
	6,000 26,000 5,000 4,000 48,000 2,00,000 24,000 14,000 90,000 60,000 1,50,000 6,000 5,25,000 36,000 80,000 1,23,000

- a) Depreciate Factory Building @ 5 % p.a., Plant and Machinery @ 10% p.a.
- b) Additional Bad Debts incurred were Rs. 3,000. Provide for doubtful debts @ 1% on sales.
- c) Closing Stock on Dec 31, was as under:

Raw Materials 64,000

Finished Goods 1,00,000

- d) Commission to the manager is payable @ 5% of net profit, after charging such commission.
- e) Outstanding Salary on 31st December 2018 was Rs. 3,000.

OR

2) From the following Trial Balance of Khushiram, prepare the Manufacturing, Trading and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31st. March., 2018 and a Balance Sheet as on that date.

Particulars	Dr. Rs.	Cr. Rs.
Khushiram's Capital Account		41,000
Khushiram's Drawings Account	6,100	
Sundry creditors		49,000
Cash in hand	4,250	

Sundry Debtors	40,500		
Provision for Bad Debts			1,000
Plant & Machinery	20,000		
Office Building	26,000		
Purchases of Raw Materials	35,000		
Raw materials - 1 st . April 2017	3,500		
Work In Process -1 st . April 2017	4,000		
Finished Goods- 1st.April 2017	18,000		
Carriage Inwards	1,100		
Wages	27,000		
Salary of Works Manager	5,600		
Factory Expenses	3,400		
Factory Rent and Taxes	2,500		
Royalties (paid on sales)	1,200		
Sales (less Returns)		1,2	3,400
Advertising	3,000		
Office Rent and Insurance	4,800		
Office Expenses	6,800		
Carriage outwards	600		
Discounts	1,400		1,100
Bad Debts	750		
a perchasi			
	2,15,500	2,1	5,500

1. The Stock on 31st.March 2018 was as follows: Raw Materials Rs.4,000; Work in Progress Rs.4,500 and Finished Goods Rs.26,000.

2. The Outstanding expenses were : Factory Rent Rs.250 and Office Salaries Rs.3,000.

3. Allow 5% interest on capital and a Salary of Rs.6,000 to Khushiram.

4. The salary of khushiram is to be allocated 2/3 to factory and 1/3 to office.

5. Depreciate Buildings by 2% and Plant by 10%.

6) Write off further Bad debts Rs.500 and maintain a provision of10% on debtors.

7) Debtors amounting to Rs.1,000 are wrongly included in Wages.

3.) Solid Hardware Stores submit the following particulars and information about their departmental stores, for the year ended 31st March 2018.

departmental stores, for the year end	ed 51 March 2010.		
	Consumables(Rs.)	Spares (Rs.)	Tools (Rs.)
Opening Stock	1,00,000	3,00,000	5,00,000
Purchases (Net)	9,00,000	7,60,000	11,00,000
Sales (Net)	12,05,600	9,04,200	15,07,000
Wages	75,000	45,000	
Closing Stock	1,10,000	3,60,000	4,00,000
Expenses Paid :			Rs.
Salaries			3,00,000
Rent			1,20,000

Printing	A.	36,000
Electricity		27,000
Sundry Expenses		28,800

Transfer from Tools Department to the Consumables Department amounted to Rs.30,000 and to Spares Department Rs. 63,000 at normal market price. The closing stock of Consumables Department contains stock worth Rs. 15,000 and Spares Department has stock worth Rs. 45,000 transferred from Tools department.

- a) Salaries Rs.2,40,000 were paid to 20 Salesmen on a uniform scale. The number of Salesmen in the three departments was 4, 5 and 11 respectively. Allocate the remaining salary equally.
- b) The space occupied by all the departments was equal.
- c) Printing expenses to be apportioned as 2:1:1 respectively.
- d) Sundry expenses to be allocated in the Sales Ratio.
- e) The electricity points in the three departments were 4:9:5 respectively.

Prepare the Departmental Trading and Profit & Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2018.

OR

3.) From the following particulars prepare departmental trading and profit and loss account and general profit And Loss Account of the two departments X and Y for the year ended 31st March, 2018.

			Departments	
Particulars		Rs.	Y Rs.	Total
Opening stock	. 02 64	17,000	8,000	25,000
Purchases		88,000	52,000	1,40,000
Carriage inwards		3,000		3,000
Sales		180000	1,20,000	3,00,000
Purchase returns		1,000	500	1,500
Salaries (Departmental)		8,000	7,000	15,000
Common Expenses:				
Salaries (General)			15,000	
Discount received			1,385	
General expenses			10,000	
Rent and rates.			5,000	
Advertising			10,000	
Insurance			10,000	
Discount allowed	Sa.		1,500	
Selling and distribution			500	
Audit fees			3,000	
Bank interest received			6,000	

The following further information is relevant:

- 1. Salaries (General) are to be allocated in the ratio 2:1.
- 2. General Expenses are to be allocated equally.
- 3. Goods transferred from Department X to Y were Rs. 5,000
- 4. The area occupied is X 3/5 and Y 2/5
- 5. Insurance and audit fees being inconvenient are not to be allocated.
- 6. The closing stocks were Dept. X Rs. 20,000 and Dept. Y Rs. 15,000.

OR

3.) Prepare stock register as per FIFO method

2017				Units	Rate Per Unit
January	1	Opening Balance		1000	25.00
	11	Purchases		4000	28.00
	14	Purchases		1100	30.00
	21	Issued		1200	45.00
	25	Issued		1600	45.00
	26	Purchases	*	5000	33.00
	27	Issued		5000	48.00
	31	Issued		2000	47.00

4.) Marwad Machineries Ltd. purchased from Gujarat Automobiles Ltd., a Plant, the cash price of which was Rs.2,50,000. The payment was spread out as under

Rs. 60,000
Rs. 70.000
Rs. 80.000
Rs. 90,000

Depreciation is charged at 20% p.a. on W.D.V. Show the necessary accounts in the books of Marwar Machineries Ltd.

OR

4.) State giving reasons whether following are of Capital, or Revenue in nature.

Answers without reasons shall not be assessed.

- a) Rs. 2,25,00,000 paid to purchase land and Rs. 1,20,000 paid as stamp duty and registration charges.
- b) Rs. 4.50,000 paid for foreign business trip of managing director.
- c) Rs. 12,00,000 paid as service tax.
- d) Rs. 2,50,000 paid as income Tax.

- e) Rs. 14,500 bad debts recovered.
- f) Rs. 45,000 paid for purchase of new computer software.
- g) Rs. 12,500 discount allowed to customers.
- h) Purchase of a second hand motor car and expenditure incurred on refurbishing it.
- i) Amount received as Loan.
- j) Penalty paid Rs. 1000 for infringement of the Factory's Act
- 5.) Write short notes on:
- a) Capital Receipts (with three examples) (10)
- b) Provisions of Disclosure of Significant Accounting policies as per AS 1 (10)

OR

- 5.) Write short notes on: (any four)
- a) Manufacturing Account.
- b) Convention of 'Materiality' and 'Consistency' in accounting.
- c) Why are Departmental Accounts prepared?
- d) Characteristics of a Hire Purchase transaction and the terms used in it.
- e) Weighted Average Cost method of valuation of stock.
- f) Stock Reserve.