S.Y. BSC. IT - SEM IV - RegIATKT Exam-April 2018

Core Java 24. 4.18

(Time: 2½ hours)

Q.P. Code: 36158

UMBAI 4

Total Marks: 75

N	B :	(1)	All	questions	are	compulsory	7
T 4.	D	1 1 /		ducstions	aic	Compaisor	

- (2) Makesuitable assumptions wherever necessary and state the assumptions made.
- (3) Answers to the same question must be written together.
- (4) Numbers to the right indicate marks.
- (5) Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.
- (6) Use of Non-programmable calculators is allowed.

1. Attempt any three of the following:

15

- a. Write a short note on Java Virtual Machine (JVM).
- b. Write in detail about different types of operators in Java, category-wise quoting their functionality, operands and return type. Give one example statement for each.
- c. What are the primitive data types in Java? Briefly explain their size, range and other details.
- d. Explain the terms: narrowing, widening, instantiation, auto boxing.
- e. Briefly explain: (i) Type annotations (ii) Lambda expressions.
- f. List and explain the the salient features of Java.

2. Attempt any three of the following:

15

- a. Write a short note on access specifiers in Java.
- b. Write a comparative note on overloading and overriding in Java.
- c. Explain the functionality of different types of iterative statements in Java using suitable examples.
- d. Explain: (i) Variable Arguments(Varargs) (ii) this.
- e. Demonstrate the behavior of static members in Java using a suitable example.
- f. Explain the semantics and functionality of the given statements :
 - (i) Rectangle rec = new Rectangle(a,b);
 - (ii) break out;
 - (iii) public static void main(String arg[]) {...}

3. Attempt any three of the following:

15

- a. Differentiate between abstract class abstract class and interfac in Java.
- b. What is an inheritance? Explain multiple inheritance in Java.
- c. Explain the terms/keywords: final, finally, finalize()

[TURN OVER]

d. Explain the below given code and the concept(s) it represents: Shape gen = new Shape(); Rect r = new Rect(); Circ c = new Circ(); int k = Integer.parseInt(args[0]); if (k==1) gen = r; else gen=c; gen.showdata(); How do you create your own package and import it in a Java program? Explain the e. procedure step-wise using a suitable example. Explain the below given code fragments: f. (i) interface values extends demoval { ... } (ii) class sample extends dsamp implements dval { .. } Attempt any three of the following: 15 4. What is a vector? List out any five vector methods and quote their functionality. a. Write one example for each. b. Explain life cycle of thread with a neat labeled diagram. Explain any 3 different cases of exception handling. C. Explain the semantics and functionality of the given statements: d. FileReader ins = new FileReader(inf); (ii) 👑 dos.writeDouble(27.36); Explain the difference between the following using a suitable example. e. equals(), compareTo(), equalsIgnoreCase() (i) (ii) substring(k), subtring(k, j) (iii) Indexof('x'), Iindexof('x', n); f. Explain: (i) int k = Integer.parseInt(num); val = lval.longValue(); (ii) (iii) dval = Double.valueOf(s); 15 5. Attempt any three of the following: Briefly explain: delegation model, event, event listeners, and event sources. a. What is an Applet? Explain its life cycle in Java. b. What is a layout manager? Explain any two layouts. C. Write about: Button, Textfield, and Label controls. d. Explain the semantics and functionality of the given statements: e. public void paint(Graphics g) | { ... } (ii) b.addActionListener(this); (iii) repaint(); f. Explain < APPLET > and < PARAM > tags with their attributes.

2
