



Q1 A) Read the extract and then do all activities.

(12 Mks)

With the advent of irrigation, farmers were tempted to grow a second crop and Kasbhai, being a long duration rice, was replaced by the shorter duration hybrids so that the harvest could be done earlier. This ensured that the farmers could take up a second crop. I asked why he had shifted if he was so unhappy with the hybrids. No one forced him to, did they? He smiled and replied that their fields did not have fences and once the harvest was over the cattle were released into the fields. "If my field alone has Kasbhai it will be a treat for the cattle," he explained.

'Sometimes, we have to fall in line with the community, he lamented. Hybrids need more water, fertilizers and pesticides. He said that yields were good initially but of late, had reduced a lot. Besides he said that each year they had to increase the quantity of urea and pesticides they used. It was as if the newer hybrids had an insatiable appetite for chemicals. He told us that even when there were flash floods in the sixties, Kasbhai had stood its ground. He fondly remembered how the rice was still standing when they all returned to the village after the floods had receded. 'Such was the strength of the rice. But look what we have done, he rued.

A1) Complete the following :

(2 mks)

The farmers changed Kasbhai rice variety to another crop.

Its reasons were i) _____ ii) _____

A2) Give drawbacks of the hybrid varieties of crop.

(2 mks)

A3) Kasbhai had a great strength. (Give evidence)

(2 mks)

A4) 'Organic farming is the need of the time'. write your views about this statement. (2 mks)

A5) Do as directed:

(2 mks)

i) Hybrids need more water, fertilizers and pesticides. (Frame a Wh- type question to get the underlined words as an answer)

ii) "If my field alone has Kasbhai it will be a treat for the cattle", He explained. (Make indirect speech)

A6) Write the words from the extract which means:

(2 mks)

i) Impossible to satisfy _____ ii) with affection _____
 iii) went back _____ iv) a passionate expression of grief _____

Q 1 B) Do as directed

(4 Mks)

i) We can accept our life gracefully. (Rewrite using modal auxiliary showing compulsion)

ii) Though population has grown, the rate of growth has fallen sharply. (Rewrite using 'but')

iii) I am working hard during exams. - This sentence is the example of (Select One)

- 1) Simple Sentence
- 2) Compound sentence
- 3) Complex Sentence

iv) Choose correct alternative for the given instruction.

They believed in the equality of all men.

[Turn the given sentence in two sentences and join them with 'that']

- a. That, they believed in the equality of all men.
- b. They believed that all men are equal.
- c. They believed that equality of all men.

Q 2 A) Read the extract and then do all the activities.

(12 Mks)

Like any other migrant in search of new opportunities I came to meet you alone. The fearsome monsoon had just broken; grey clouds were hanging low over the Arabian Sea, buffeted by sheets of rain. Unnerved by the aggressive winds I stood trembling outside the imposing RBI building. Today, as I bid adieu, I explore again the "Internalities and Externalities of memory". The Gothic columns of the Asiatic Library, the spectacular buildings in the Fort area. The impossible sophistication of NCPA where I enjoyed so many theatre performances, the Nehru Centre with its classical music concerts, the old lady of Boribunder. The sweep of tall skyscrapers and wide roads fringed by palm trees which bend with the wind, teaching lessons of resilience and flexibility. The double-decker BEST bus whose stairs I eagerly clambered up to take in the sights of Mumbai. The Amul hoardings by Wilson College that always brought a smile to the lips, the familiar press of the surging crowds at Churchgate station. The narrow third seat on the local train valiantly fought for, triumphantly acquired.

The Jahangir Art Gallery, the State Bank of India building and the canteen close by which offered affordable fare, the amazing street fare, bhel puri and vadapav. The joy of reading Bombay Times with its page 3 people one would never meet but who seemed like old friends. The Strand bookstore where one could browse for hours. And just when a book was longingly but firmly put down from nowhere, Mr Shanbagh would materialise magically at one's elbow with a special price. Not to forget the joys of trawling the book-lined pavements at Fountain, where one could watch the world go by. And wherever I chose to go, there was always my friend, the sea, oh, I loved her, in all her moods, but especially in the monsoon when violent and enraged she splattered Worli sea face with walls of sea spray. My friends are lost, some passed away, some moved away, there were many whose names I never found out, though we took the train together, or met in the lift, every day.

A1) Following sentences are jumbled up, arrange them in the order of their occurrence in the extract. (2 mks)

- i) The narrator did not remember the names of friends whom she never found out.
- ii) The narrator felt like old friends through page 3 people appeared in Bombay Times.
- iii) The narrator visited Mumbai in search of new opportunities.
- iv) The narrator enjoyed theatre performance at NCPA.

A2) "The joy of reading Bombay Times with its page 3 people, that one would never meet but who seemed like old friends" This sentence implies that _____
(Complete it in a paragraph) (2 mks)

A3) The writer does not know names of some of her friends. Give reasons. (2 mks)

A4) State the impression you get about the people in Mumbai after reading the text. (2mks)

A5) Do as directed. (2 mks)

i) I enjoyed so many theatre performances. (Rewrite using 'used to')

ii) I eagerly clambered up to take in the sights of Mumbai. (Identify the tense)

A6) write the synonym for the following from the extract: (2 mks)

i) good bye _____ ii) courageously_____ iii) reasonable_____ iv) very impressive_____

Q 2 B) Write a brief summary of the above extract using the following points and give a suitable title for it. (3mks)

Mumbai city- new opportunities- various places – page 3 - bookstores – sea- friends.

Q2 C) Note making: (3 mks)

Books have always been man's best friends. There are books on various topics. They can be grouped under different categories namely literature, expository, philosophical and reference. Stories, dramas, novels, one act plays and poetry all come under literature. Books that provide information are expository type. They include history, geography, sociology and politics. Philosophical books deal with religion and theology. Reference books deal with variety of needs. They include books like a dictionary or a collection of idioms and phrases, world records, facts and figures etc..

Category of Books			
		Philosophical	Reference
1) Stories	1) History	1)-----	1)-----
2) Dramas	2) Geography	2)-----	2) Collections of Idioms and Phrases
3) Novels	3)-----	-----	3)-----

Q 3) Read the extract and then do all the activities. (8 Mks)

Eight years have passed

Since I placed my cherry seed in the grass.

"Must have a tree of my own," I said,

And watered it once and went to bed

And forgot; but cherries have a way of growing,

Though no one's caring very much or knowing.

And suddenly that summer near the end of May,

I found a tree had come to stay.

It was very small, five months child,

Lost in the tall grass running wild.

Goats ate the leaves, the grass cutter scythe

Split it apart and a monsoon blight

Shrivelled the slender stem..... Even so,

Next spring watched three new shoots grow,

The young tree struggle, upward thrust

Its arms in a fresh fierce lust

For light and air and sun.

A1) State whether the following statements are true or false.

(2 mks)

- i) The extract of the poem deals with the growth of the cherry tree.
- ii) The poet felt it was miraculous that the plant was alive and thriving.
- iii) The plant had ten new shoots.
- iv) The poet repents planting the cherry tree.

A2) Find proofs from the poem for the following.

(2 mks)

- i) The poet has mentioned different seasons _____
- ii) The struggle of the cherry tree for survival _____

A3) Why do you think the cherry seed was forgotten? (Personal response)

(2 mks)

A4) Compose four poetic lines related to Nature.

(2 mks)

Q4) Writing Skills : (Attempt any one)

(4 Mks)

Expansion of Ideas:

Expand the following idea with the help of the following points:

'Pen is mightier than the sword'

Points:

- 1) Importance of writing 2) power of words 3) social awareness 4) writer's role in bringing about a change.

OR

E-Mail:

Draft an e-mail as the In-charge of the student's council to a celebrity singer requesting him/her to grace the 'Patriotic group song competition' in your college as a judge.

OR

Speech writing:

Imagine you have taken part in an 'Elocution Competition', you have selected the topic 'Duties of an ideal citizen'. Draft a speech in about 150 words on the above topic.

Q5) Complete the given activities.

A 1) Match the column.

(2 mks)

A

B

i) Plot	a) Involves two speakers
ii) Protagonist	b) The series of the events occurring in a play
iii) Dialogue	c) Main character
iv) Conflict	d) It is the essence of drama

A 2) Choose the correct option and fill in the blanks given below:

(2 mks)

(Comedy, Victorian, Setting, Caricatures)

- i) All types of plays were performed in the _____ period.
- ii) The drama /play has happy ending is called_____.
- iii) The unity of time, place and action has to be taken into consideration while _____ the stage.
- iv) Flat characters are also known as _____.

Duration: 2 Hours

Book Keeping & Accountancy

Total Marks: 50

Q.1 (A) Do you Agree or Disagree with the following statements: (5 marks)

- 1) Crossed cheque is more safe than other cheques as it cannot be encashed on the counter of the bank.
- 2) J.F. column of ledger is used for writing page number of journal.
- 3) Cash discount is not recorded in the books of accounts.
- 4) Accounting is useful only to the owner.
- 5) The rule of Nominal Account is Debit the receiver and Credit the giver.

(B) Select the most appropriate answer from the alternatives given below and rewrite the statements: (5 marks)

- 1) Brief explanation of an entry is called as _____.
 - a) Journalising
 - b) Folio
 - c) Narration
 - d) Posting
- 2) Goodwill is _____ asset.
 - a) tangible
 - b) an intangible
 - c) current
 - d) none of these
- 3) Purchase of animals for cash should be debited to _____.
 - a) Livestock A/c
 - b) Goods A/c
 - c) Cash A/c
 - d) Bank A/c
- 4) 'c/d' indicates _____ balance.
 - a) Opening
 - b) Closing
 - c) Positive
 - d) Negative
- 5) Sub-division of Journal is known as _____ Books.
 - a) Subsidiary
 - b) Purchase
 - c) Purchase Return
 - d) Journal proper

(C) Write one word or term or phrase which can substitute each of the following statements: (5 marks)

- 1) Amount invested in business by the proprietor.
- 2) Property of any description owned by proprietor.
- 3) Subsidiary book in which only credit purchase of goods is recorded.
- 4) Method/ System of accounting which is most scientific and records both the aspects of transaction.
- 5) A book of Original entry or Prime entry.

Q.2 Journalise the following transactions in the book of Vanita: (10 marks)

2025

June 1 Started business with Cash ₹ 70,000 and Building ₹ 80,000.

3 Sold goods to Ameesha on credit basis ₹ 20,000 at 10% Trade Discount.

5 Paid Rent ₹ 8,000.

7 Goods costing ₹ 9,000 distributed as free samples.

10 Paid College Fees of proprietor's son ₹ 10,000.

11 Placed an order with Aman & Sons for goods ₹ 59,000 at 12% GST.

15 Purchased goods for cash ₹ 50,000 at 10% Cash Discount.

26 Received ₹ 6,000 from Suman which was previously written off as Bad Debts.

27 Purchased Shares of Hindustan Co. for ₹ 21,000 and amount paid through Bank.

29 Purchased Furniture worth ₹ 14,000 and amount paid by Cash.

Q.3 Journalise the following transactions in the books of Kaira and post them into Ledger by preparing Cash A/c, Radha's A/c and Salary A/c only. (15 marks)

2024

May 2 Started business with Cash ₹ 60,000.

5 Bought Stationery for ₹ 7,000 for office use.

8 Purchased goods from Radha ₹ 8,000.

17 Paid Salary ₹ 17,000.

18 Paid ₹ 8,000 to Radha by cheque.

20 Received Commission ₹ 6,600.

27 Deposited Cash into the Bank ₹ 27,000.

Q.4 Enter the following transactions in the books of Varsha Traders in Purchase Book, Sales Book, Purchase Return Book, Sales Return Book. (10 marks)

2021

July 1 Sold goods to Soham ₹ 8,000 at 10% Trade Discount.

5 Purchased goods of ₹ 5,500 from Pihu and Paid Carriage ₹ 600.

6 Cash Purchases ₹ 19,800.

15 Sent a Debit Note to Pihu ₹ 1,000.

17 Purchased goods from Pooja ₹ 8,000 and Sold the same to Shanaya at 10% profit on cost.

18 Riya returned goods of ₹ 9,000 to us as they were defective.

26 Purchased Furniture ₹ 44,000 from Bhavaani Furniture on credit.

27 Returned goods of ₹ 2,000 to Mihika .

30 Pratha sold goods of ₹ 15,000 to us.

F.Y.J.C Terminal Exam. Oct-2025

Fyjc terminal examination

DURATION :2 HOURS Sub: O-C.M

MARKS .50

NOTE: 1All questions are compulsory.

2.Figures to the right indicate full marks for the questions.

3.Answer to every major questions should begin on a new page.

Q.1(A) Fill in the blanks

5 marks.

1.The problem of distance is solved by _____.

2.Industry creates _____ utility.

3._____ is known as self-service store.

4.Liability of member of a Co-operative Society is _____.

5.Registration of a Joint Stock Company is _____.

Q.1(B) Match the Column

5 marks

GROUP A	GROUP B
1. Public company	A demand side
2. Pedlars	B Minimum 7 members
3 Fixed Shop retailers.	C Broader concept
4. Business	D carry goods on carts.
5. Industry	E one price shop
	F Street traders
	G carry goods on heads
	H Narrow concept
	I Minimum 2 members
	J supply side

Q.2 Explain the following terms /concepts (any 4)

8 marks

1.Employment 2. Non-economic activity. 3.Retailer

4 Cheap Jacks 5. Nominal partners 6. Artificial legal person

Q.3 Distinguish between the following (any 3)

12 marks

1.Industry and commerce

2.General store and speciality shop

3.Public company and Private company

4.Joint Hindu Family Business and Co-operative Society.

Q.4 Attempt the following questions (any 3)

12 marks

1.Explain the role of profit in business.

2.State types of Industries.

3.Explain the features of chain stores.

4.Explain types of partnership firm

Q.5 Explain services of wholesaler OR

8 marks

Q.5 Explain the merits and demerits of sole trading concern

F.Y.J.C Terminal Exam: Oct-2025

TIME: 2 HRS

SUBJECT: ECONOMICS

MARKS: 50

NOTE:-

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Draw tables / diagrams wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Write answers to all new questions on new page.

Q.1.A. Give economic term: -

(5)

1. An increase in the real national income of the country, over a long period of time-
2. Money not accounted for in the bank and not disclosed to the government-
3. Income which remains stable over a period of time-
4. Basic requirement for facilitating production and distribution of goods and services for economic development-
5. Investments done by foreign companies in our country-

Q.1.B. Find the odd word: -

(5)

1. Comforts- washing machine, mixer, pressure cooker, health and education
2. Earned income- rent, lottery prizes, wages, interest
3. Short-Term Credit- purchase of fertilizers, buying cattle or agricultural equipments, High Yielding Variety (HYV) seeds, meeting expenses on religious or social ceremonies
4. Revenue divisions-Mumbai, Pune, Ahmedabad, Nasik
5. Institutional sources of rural credit – NABARD, Money lenders, Commercial banks, Microfinance institutions.

Q.2.A. Identify and explain the following concepts: - (any 2)

(4)

1. Roshan's father utilized his provident fund amount to set up grocery store.
2. Prajakta and her family visited the beaches during her eight-day Diwali vacation.
3. Ramji purchased a new tractor for his farm by taking a loan.

Q.2. B. Distinguish between: - (any 2)

(4)

1. Natural sciences and Social sciences
2. Standard or full-bodied coins and Token coins
3. Productive credit and Unproductive credit

Q.3. Answer the following questions: - (any 2)

(8)

1. Explain any 4 features of wants.
2. Explain any 4 qualities of good money.
3. Explain any 4 measures adopted by the Government of Maharashtra for development of industrial sector.

Q.4. Explain with reasons whether you agree or disagree with the given statements: (any 2)

(8)

1. There are characteristics of wealth.
2. There are difficulties in barter system.
3. There are no general problems in agricultural sector.

Q.5. Study the following table/diagram/ passage and answer the questions given below it: (any 2) (8)

1. Complete the Chart.



2. Complete the table. (Identify the types of money & write at least 2 examples)

Sr. No.	Types of Money	Examples
1	Animal money	
2		Feathers, Salt
3	Bank/Credit money	
4		Debit card, Credit card

3. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below it.

In the Union Budget 2025-26, the Government of India announced the Rural Prosperity and Resilience Programme (RPRP) to strengthen rural development. The scheme mainly focuses on tackling under-employment in agriculture, which remains a challenge in many villages. It seeks to promote skill development, technology adoption, and entrepreneurship among rural households.

Special emphasis is given to women, young farmers, marginalized communities, and landless families, ensuring that growth is inclusive. The programme also encourages investment in agriculture-related enterprises and aims to build a stronger rural economy by diversifying sources of income beyond traditional farming. By combining modern practices with community participation, the RPRP is expected to make villages more self-reliant and resilient.

1. In which budget the Rural Prosperity and Resilience Programme announced?
2. Write the main focus area of the RPRP?
3. Identify the three key strategies promoted under the RPRP.
4. Name two groups that receive special emphasis under the RPRP.

Q.6. Answer in detail: - (any 1)

(8)

1. Explain the meaning of macroeconomics and basic concepts of macroeconomics.
2. Explain the significance of rural development in India.

**Q.1.A) SELECT THE CORRECT ANSWER FROM THE POSSIBLE CHOICES GIVEN
BELOW AND REWRITE THE STATEMENTS: - (5 marks)**

- 1) The word Secretary is derived from the Latin word _____ which means a confidential writer. (Amatya, Scribae, Secretarius)
- 2) A Director must have a _____ to be appointed as a director of a company. (PAN, DIN, CIN)
- 3) The Indian Partnership Act was passed in the year _____ (1923, 1932, 1956)
- 4) _____ is the oldest type of Secretary.
(Company Secretary, Secretary of Government Department, Personal Secretary)
- 5) A person can be called as a member when the name is entered in _____
(Register of charges, Register of Members, List of Members)

**Q.1.B) WRITE A WORD OR A TERM, OR A PHRASE WHICH CAN SUBSTITUTE EACH
OF THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS: - (5 marks)**

- 1) The senior-most family member of the Joint Hindu Family Business.
- 2) End of membership of a person.
- 3) Official signature of the Joint Stock Company.
- 4) The quality that a secretary should possess to be faithful to his organization.
- 5) The Birth Certificate of a company.

Q.1.C) FIND THE ODD ONE :- (4 marks)

- 1) Amatya, ICSI, Chitnis
- 2) Public company, One Person company, Directors.
- 3) Sole Trading concern, Limited Liability Partnership, Joint Stock Company.
- 4) Minor, Insolvent, Partners.

Q.2. EXPLAIN THE FOLLOWING TERMS/CONCEPTS :- (ANY FOUR)

(8 marks)

- 1) Secretary
- 2) Tactfulness
- 3) One person company
- 4) Member
- 5) Dormant Company

Q.3. ANSWER IN BRIEF:- (ANY THREE)

(12 marks)

- a) Explain any four features of a Joint stock company.
- b) Write the steps in the Promotion Stage.
- c) Write any four functions of a secretary.
- d) State ways of cessation of membership of a company.

Q.4. JUSTIFY THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS:- (ANY TWO)

(8 marks)

- a) Promoters play an important role in the formation of a company.
- b) A personal secretary is appointed by busy individuals.
- c) The ownership and management are separated in a Joint Stock Company.

Q.5. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING :- (ANY ONE)

(8 marks)

A] Explain in brief any four forms of business organizations.

OR

B] Explain the Rights of a Member of a company.

◆◆◆ **BEST OF LUCK** ◆◆◆

F.Y.J.C. Terminal Exam Oct-2025

MALINI KISHOR SANGHVI JUNIOR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

F.Y.J.C TERMINAL EXAM 2025-26

TIME: 2 HOURS

SUBJECT: MATHS

MARKS: 50

Note: All questions are compulsory

Q.1.A) Select and write the most appropriate answers from the given alternatives: (05)

1) The graphical method of determining the partition value is called _____

(a) Ogive (b) Venn diagram (c) Interval (d) Geometry

2) If $n(A)=4$ $n(B)=2$ $n(A \times B)=$ _____

(a) 4 (b) 2 (c) 8 (d) 5

3) $(x+1, y+2) = (0, 2)$ $x, y =$ _____

(a) -1, 0 (b) -1, 2 (c) 2, 2 (d) 0, -1

4) Number of Quartiles = _____

(a) 8 (b) 2 (c) 4 (d) 3

5) If $\text{var}(x)=4$ $\text{S.D}(x)=$ _____

(a) 2 (b) 4 (c) 9 (d) -4

(B) State whether the following statements are True or False : (04)

(1) If $n(A)=4$ A is a singleton set.

(2) If R is the subset of $A \times B$ R is a relation from the set A to set B.

(3) Deciles divides the data into 9 equal parts.

(4) If $u=x-A$ $\text{S.D}(x)=\text{S.D}(u)$

(C) Fill in the blanks: (04)

(1) The method of representing all the elements by a common property is called as _____ method.

(2) The method of representing a set by a geometrical closed figure is called as _____.

(3) Quartile deviation = _____

(4) Range = _____

Q.2(A) Attempt any seven:

(21)

(1) If $X = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$

If $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ $B = \{5, 6, 7\}$

(a) $A \cup B$ (b) $A \cap B$ (c) $B - A$

(2) If $A = \{a, b\}$ and $B = \{1, 2\}$

Find (a) $A \times B$ (b) $B \times A$ (c) $A \times A$

(3) Write the relation in Rooster form and find domain and range

$R = \{(a, b) \mid a, b \in N, a + b = 12\}$

(4) If $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + 2$ $f(1) = 3$ $f(4) = 42$ find a and b

(5) The height in cm of 10 students are given below

148, 171, 158, 151, 154, 159, 152, 163, 171, 145

Calculate Q_1 and Q_3

(6) Calculate 2nd decile and 65 precentile of the data.

x	80	100	120	145	200	280	310	380	400	410
f	15	18	25	27	40	25	19	16	8	7

(7) The daily wages (in Rs.) of 15 labourers is as follows

230, 400, 350, 200, 250, 380, 210, 225, 375, 180, 375, 450, 300, 350, 250

Calculate D_8 and P_{90}

(8) Find the variance of the following number 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

(9) A group of 65 students of FYJC have their average height 150.4 cm with coefficient of variation 2.5%. What is the standard deviation of their height.

(10) $A = \{a, b, c\}$ $B = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ $R = \{(a, 1), (b, 2), (c, 3)\}$ is R a relation from Set A to Set B ?
Justify

Q.3) Attempt any four:

(16)

(1) In a survey of 425 students in a school. It was found that 115 drink apple juice, 160 drink orange juice and 80 drink both the juices. Find the number of persons
(a) Who drink at least one of the juice
(b) Who drink neither apple juice nor orange juice

(2) $f(x) = 4x - 2$ if $x \leq -2$
 $= 5$ if $-2 < x < 2$
 $= x^2$ if $x \geq 2$ then find (a) $f(-3)$ (b)
 f(1) (c)f(2) (d) f(4)

(3) The height of students of a college are given below:

Height of students (cm)	160 - 163	164 - 167	168 - 171	172 - 175
No of students	22	80	98	148

Height of students (cm)	176 - 179	180 - 183	184 - 187
No of students	104	43	5

Calculate the height of the students such that 75% of students have height below it.

(4) In a particular factory workers produced various type of output units

Output produced	70 - 74	75-79	80 - 84	85-89	90-94	95-99	100-104
No of workers	40	45	50	60	70	80	100

Find the percentage of workers who has produced less than 82 output units

(5) Mean and standard deviation of two distributions of 100 and 150 items are 50,05 and 40,06 respectively. Find the mean and standard deviation of all 250 items taken together.

(6) Two workers do the same job. Show the following results.

	Worker P	Worker Q
Mean time of completing the job in Hrs	33	21
Standard Deviation in Hrs	9	7

Which worker is consistent in completing the job? Justify?

हिन्दी

समय - २ घंटे

अंक - ५०

१) सूचना के अनुसार गदय पद्य और व्यवहारिक हिंदी की सभी कृतियों में आवश्यकता के अनुसार आकृतियों में ही उत्तर लिखिए।

२) सभी आकृतियों के लिए पेन का ही प्रयोग करें।

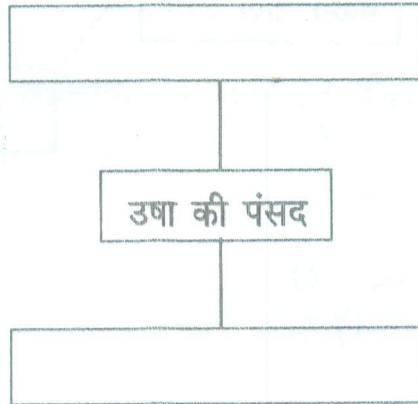
कृती १ (अ) निम्नलिखित गद्यांश दी गई सूचनानुसार कृतियों पूर्ण किजिए। (६)

दादी ने नरक चौदस के दिन आटे के दीप बनाकर मुख्य द्वार से लेकर कमरे की देहरी जगमगा दी थी। घर पकवान की खुशबू से तरबतर था। गुज्जिया, पपड़ी, चकली आदि सब कुछ था। मगर दस वर्षीय उषा को तो चॉकलेट और बंगाली मिठाइयाँ ही पसंद थी। दादी कहती है कि “तेरे लिए तेरी पसंद मिठाई ही आएगी। यह सब तो पड़ोसियो, नाते-रिश्तेदारो, घर आए मेहमानों के लिए है।”

आटे के दीपक कंपाउड की मुंडेर पर जलकर सुबह तक बुझ गए थे। उषाजॉगिंग के लिए फ्लैट से नीचे उतरी तो उसने देखा पूरा कंपाउड पटाखो के कचरे से भरा हुआ था। उसने देखा, सफाई करने वाला बबन उन दीपों को कचरे के डिब्बे में न डाल अपनी जेब में रख रहा था। कृशकाय बबन कंपाउड में झाड़ु लगाते हुए हर रोज उसे सलाम करता था। “तुमने दीपक जेब में क्यों रख लिए?” उषा ने पूछा। “घर जाकर अच्छे से सेंककर खा लेंगे, अब देवता है न।” बबन ने खीसे निपोरे।

उषा की आँखे विस्मय से भर उठी। तमाम दावतों में भरी प्लॉटों में से जरा-सा टूँगने वाले मेहमान और कचरे के डिब्बे के हवाले प्लेटों का अंबार उसकी आँखो में सैलाब बनकर उमड़ आया। वह दौड़ती हुई घर गई। जल्दी-ज्दी पकवानो से थैली भरी और दौड़ती हुई एक साँस में सीढ़ियाँ उतर गई..... अब वह थी और बबन की काँपती हथेलियों पर पर पकवान की थैली। उषा की आँखो में हजारों दीप जल उठे और पकवानो की थैली देख बबन की आँखो में खुशी के आँसु छलक आए।

१) संजाल पूर्ण किजिए: (१)



2) उत्तर लिखिए: (1)

1) दादी के अनुसार घर में बने हुए पकवान इसके लिए है ---

2) बबन आटे के दीपक जेब में इसलिए रख रहा था ---

2) निम्नलिखित शब्दों के वचन बदलकर लिखिए (2)

1) साँस 2) मिठाइयाँ 3) डिब्बे 4) पटाखा

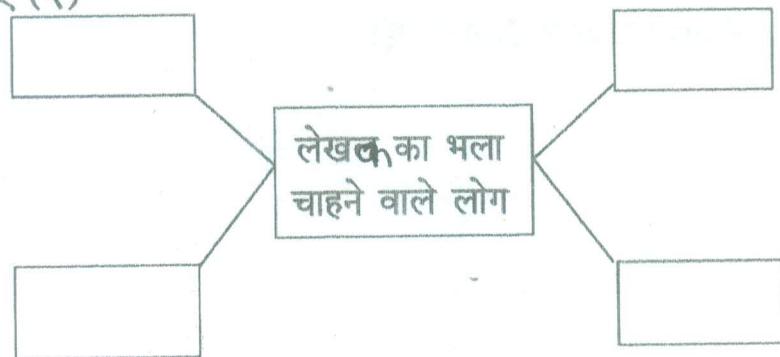
3) अन्न बैककी आवश्यकता इस विषय पर 40 से 50 शब्दों में अपने विचार लिखिए। (2)

आ) निम्नलिखित गद्याश पढ़कर सूचनाओं के अनुसार कृतियाँ पूर्ण कीजिए: (6)

इधर मैं कई दिनों से बड़ा परेशान चला रहा हूँ। सब मेरा भला करना चाहते हैं। अखबार पढ़ने से पहले ढेर सारे कागज साथ में आजाते हैं। कोई कहता है आपके द्वार पर आकर बैठे हैं। सभी तरह के इलाज के लिए क्लीनिक खोल दिया है। आप मोटे हैं तो पतला कर देंगे। पागल हैं तो ठीक कर देंगे। क्लीनिक से हर स्लिमिंग सेंटरवाला कह रहा है, 'बस! आप आ जाएँ, बाकी सब हम पर छोड़ दे। हलवाई की दुकानवाला कह रहा है, ऐसी मिठाई आपने कभी न खाई होगी। मीठा खाएँ पर मीठे का असर न हो, ऐसी चीनी का इस्तेमाल करते हैं वे।

क्रेडिट कार्ड वाला फ्री डेबिट कार्ड दे रहा है। पैसे खर्च करने या नकद खर्च की कोई जरूरत पहले नहीं है। आप बेवजह पैसे के पीछे दौड़ रहे हैं। हम सामान आपके घर लाना चाहते हैं, आप बस माल खरीदें! गाड़ीवाला नई गाड़ी के कागज दिए जा रहा है। साथ में लोन देने वाला बैंक के कागज भी दिए जा रहा है। अखबार के साथ पैंफलेट इतने ज्यादा है कि उन्हें पढ़ने बैठ जाओ तो अखबार पढ़ने के लिए वक्त नहीं बजेगा।

1) सजाल पूर्ण किजिए (2)



2) निम्नलिखित शब्दों के विलोम शब्द लिखिए: (2)

1) भला 2) मोटा 3) मीठा 4) नकद

3) मुफ्त में मिलने वाली चीजोंके प्रति लोगों की मानसिकता को स्पष्ट किजिए। (2)

इ) साहित्य संबंधी सामान्यज्ञान पर आधारित प्रश्नों के उत्तर एक-एक वाक्य में लिखिए। (2)

1) कोई दो लघुकथा कारों के नाम लिखिए।

2) कोई दोव्यगकारों के नाम लिखिए।

2 पद्य विभाग

कृति-2(अ)निम्नलिखित पद्यांश पढ़कर दी गई सुचनानुसार कृतियाँ पूर्ण कीजिए(6)

सखा ऊपर से मगर दिल से बहुत नाजुक है
चोट लगती है मुझे और वह तडप उठते हैं
हर पिता में ही कोई माँ भी छुपी होती है।

मेरे ऑफिस मे महीनो से मेरी दिन की शिफ्ट

तेरे ऑफिस मे महीनो से तेरी रात की शिफ्ट

नन्हे बच्चोंको तो टुकड़ो मे मिले है माँ-बाप

उगते सूरज को सलामी तो सभी देते हैं
डुबते वक्त मगर उसको भुला मत देना
डुबना-उगना तो नजरों का महज धोखा है।

चलत-चलते जो कभी गिर जाओ

खुद को सँभालो और फिर से चलो

चोट खाकर ही सीख मिलती है।

1) आकृती पर्ण कीजिए。(2)

1) इसमें माँ छुपी होती है ---

2) नजरों का धोखा है ---

3) इससे ही सीख मिलती है ---

4) इससे सभी सलाम करते है ---

2) निम्नलिखित शब्दो के सामने समानार्थीशब्द लिखिए। (Synonymword) (2)

1) माँ 2) ऑफिस 3) कोमल 4) सूरज

(3) पालना घर(Creche Home)की आवश्यकता पर अपने विचार 40 से 50 शब्दो में लिखिए। (2)

आ)2 निम्नलिखित पद्यांश पढ़कर दी गई सुचनानुसार कृतिया पूर्ण किजिए । (6)

आज जीत की रात
पहरुए, सावधान रहना !
खुले देश के द्वार
अचल दीपक समान रहना
प्रथम चरण है नये स्वर्ग का
है मंजिल का छोर,
इस जनमंथन से उठ आई
पहली रतन हिलोर,
अभी शेष है पूरी होना
जीवन मुक्ता डोर,
क्योंकि नहीं मिट पाई दुख की
विगत साँवली कोर,
ले युग की पतवार
बने अंबुधि महान रहना,
पहरुए, सावधान रहना !

1) निम्नलिखित पंक्तियाँ पूर्ण कीजिए (2)

- 1) इस जनमंथन से उठ आई पहली.....
- 2) ले युग की पतवार बने अंबुधि.....
- 3) क्यों कि नहीं मिट पाई दुख की विगत.....
- 4) खुले देश के द्वार अंचल दीपक.....

2) निम्नलिखित शब्दों के लिए विलोम शब्द लिखिए। (2)

- 1) दुःख 2) स्वर्ग 3) जीत 4) जीवन

3) “कैश की रक्षा-मेरा कर्तव्य”, इस विषय पर अपने विचार लिखिए। (2)

इ) साहित्य सामन्य ज्ञान पर आधारित प्रश्नों के उत्तर एक-एक वाक्य में लिखिए। (2)

1) त्रिपुरारीजी की रचना ओं के नाम लिखिए।

2) “पंद्रह अगस्त” कविता के कवि का नाम लिखिए।

3. व्यवहारिक हिंदी

कृति.3 अ) निम्नलिखित गद्यांश पढ़कर कृतियाँ पूर्ण किजिए। (6)

तकनीकी क्षेत्र में भी हिंदी ने अब प्रवेश कर लिया है। अंतरिक्ष विभाग, परमाणु ऊर्जा विभाग जलपोत परिवहन विभाग, भारी उद्योग जैसे नितांत तकनीकी क्षेत्र में हिंदी का प्रयोग होने लगा है। इस क्षेत्र में विशेषज्ञों की निपुणता का उपयोग तेजी से बढ़ रहा है। संगणक के आगमन के साथ प्रयोजनमूलक हिंदी की आवश्यकता बढ़ती जा रही है। इसमें मूलतः आलेखन, टिप्पणी, पत्राचार, अब्दावली का निर्माण तथा अनुवाद विषयक उपयोगिता ही क्षेत्र में देखी जा सकती है। गूगल में किए अनुवाद के विविध उपयोग जन-जन तक पहुँच रहे हैं। मोबाइल, लैपटॉप, टैब आदि में हिंदी का प्रयोग अपनी जगह बना चुका है। विभिन्न विभागों में अब हिंदी माध्यम से तकनीकी विषयों का प्रशिक्षण दिया जाने लगा है। पारिभाषिक शब्दावली का कार्य भी बड़े पैमाने पर चल रहा है। हमने अब तक विभिन्न क्षेत्रों में अंग्रेजी शब्दावली का ही प्रयोग किया है। आज ही में सामान्य जन को समझने - समझाने के लिए हिंदी पारिभाषिक शब्दावली निर्माण की आवश्यकता महसूस की जा रही है। इसलिए इस शब्दावली को तैयार करने का काम तेजी से हो रहा है। इस क्षेत्र में अनेक विद्वान कार्यरत हैं। जैसे-जैसे प्राद्यौगिकी विकसित होती जाएगी, वैसे-वैसे इसकी आवश्यकता बढ़ती जाएगी। आप अपनी योग्यता, कौशल तथा ज्ञान के आधार पर इस क्षेत्र में रोजगार के अवसर पा सकते हैं। भारत सरकार के विविध कार्यालयों, बैंकों, बीमा कंपनियों,

1) कृतियाँ पूर्ण किजिए (2)



2) (1) निम्नलिखित शब्दों के बहुवचन रूप लिखिए। (2)

1) टिप्पणी 2) योग्यता 3) बैंक 4) कंपनी

3) हिंदी रोजगार की भाषा बनती जा रही है। इस पर अपने विचार 40 से 50 शब्दों में लिखिए।
(2)

अ) योग्य पर्याय उत्तर चुनकर रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ती किजिए ।(४)

1) तकनीकी क्षेत्र में भी हिन्दी ने अब _____ कर लिया है। (वाणी, प्रवेश)

2) में किए गये अनुवाद के विविध उपयोग जन -जनतक पहुँच रहे हैं । (गूगल,टैब)

3) हमने अब तक विभिन्न क्षेत्रों में _____ शब्दावली का ही प्रयोग किया है । (हिंदी, अंग्रेजी)

4) रोजगार की भाषा बनती जा रही है । (गुजराती, हिंदी)

4. व्याकरण विभाग

अ) 1) निम्नलिखित वाक्यों को सुचनानुसार काल परिवर्तन कीजिए । (४)

1) मृदूवा नदी के तट पर पहुँचा (सामान्य वर्तमानकाल)

2) आदमी यह देखकर डर गया। (पूर्ण वर्तमानकाल)

3) बबन उसे सलाम करता है। (पूर्ण भूतकाल)

4) आप सब जीत सकते हैं। (भविष्यकाल)

आ) निम्नलिखित वाक्य शुद्ध करके फिर से लिखिए (४)

1) उसे तो मद्दुवे पर दया करना चाहिए था ।

2) उसे तुम्हारे शक्ति पर विश्वास हो गया।

3) तुम जुठे साबित होगा।

4) दूसरी काम आयगा

इ) निम्नलिखित मुहावरों के अर्थ लिखकर अपने वाक्यों में प्रयोग कीजिए। (४) (क्रोई दो)

1) अंकर जमाना 2) अपने पैरों पर खड़ा होना

3) आंच न आने देना 4) आँखो में सें लाब उमड़ना

F.Y.T-C Terminal Exam. Oct 2025

First semester examination 2025

Subject: Gujarati

Marks : 50

Time : 2 hours

Date: 11-10-2025

(વિધાયિઓ માટે સૂચના)

(આકલન ફૂતિ અને વ્યાકરણ ફૂતિ માટે જ્યાં જરૂરી જણાય ત્યાં આફૂતિઓ દોરવી.

-આફૂતિઓ પેનથી જ દોરવી, પેનિસલથી નહિ.

-આફૂતિમાંનું મજકૂર પેનથી જ લખવું.

-જરૂર જણાય ત્યાં ઉત્તર પૂર્ણ વાક્યમાં લખવા.

-લેખન વિભાગમાં નિવેદન કે સૂચના ફરીથી લખવા નહિ.)

વિભાગ - ૧ ગંધ

(12 ગુણ)

ફૂતિ-1 (અ)

નીચેનો ગંધાંશ વાંચી આપેલી ફૂતિ કરો. (6 ગુણ)

(૧) શાબ્દજળ પૂર્ણ કરો. (૦૨)

અનુભૂતિ	અનુભૂતિ
અનુભૂતિ	અનુભૂતિ
અનુભૂતિ	અનુભૂતિ

ગંધાંશમાં આવેલાં
પશુ-પક્ષીઓનાં નામ

અનુભૂતિ	અનુભૂતિ
અનુભૂતિ	અનુભૂતિ
અનુભૂતિ	અનુભૂતિ

અલી મૂળ હોશિયાર શિકારી હતો. પછી ધીમે ધીમે એ અભ્યાસમાં એવો કુશાળ બન્યો હતો. કે હંમેશાં જેમ અફીણીને અફીણ વેવું પડે તેમ અલીને શિકાર કરવો પડે, ધૂળની સાથે ધૂળ જેવા બની જતા કાબરચીતરા તેતર પર અલીની દ્રષ્ટિ પડે કે તરત તેના હાથમાં તેતર આવી જ પડ્યું. હોય ! તેની તીક્ષ્ણ દ્રષ્ટિ સસવાની

ખોમાં જઈ પહોંચતી. આસપાસના સૂડા, પીળા 'કાસડા'ના કે રાપડાના વાસમાં સંતાઈને સિથર કાન કરી બેઠેલા ચતુર સસલાના ભૂરા મેલા રેંગને ક્યારેક ખુદ શિકારી ફૂતરા જુદો ન પાડી શકતા, આગળ વધી જતા ને સસલું બચી જતું, પરંતુ ઈટાલીના ગરુડ જેવી અલીની દ્રષ્ટિ બરાબર સસલાના કાન પર ચોટતી અને બીજી જ પળો તે રહેતું નહિં. વળી, ક્યારેક અલી મર્ખીમારનો મિત્ર બની જતો.

વાંચો - વિચારો - વખો ::

(૦૨)

૧. સસલાના કાન પર ચોટતી અલીની દ્રષ્ટિ.....

૨. સસલા જે ધાસમાં સિથર થઈ બેસતા તે.....

૩. જેને અફીણી જેવું વ્યસન હતું તે.....

૪. ધૂળ સાથે ધૂળ જેવા બની જતા તે.....

૩. પ્રાણી પ્રેમ વિશે તમારા વિચારો વખો.....

(૦૨)

કૃતિ-૧ (આ) નીચેનો ગંધારી વાંચી આપેલી કૃતિ કરો.

(૦૬)

હા, હું કોલેજમાં પ્રોફેસર હતો ત્યારે મારા વર્ગના ટેબલ પર હું ધડિયાળ ભૂલી ગયેલો.- અસંખ્ય વાર ! કારણ ટાઈમ જોવા વારંવાર કાંડા પરનું ધડિયાળ જેવું એના કરતાં પટો છોડીને ધડિયાળ ટેબલ પર મૂકીને જેવું મને ફાવતું, પણ આ કિયામાં વિસરયૂક થઈ પણ જાય ! ને ધડિયાળ ટેબલ પર રહી પણ જાય ! પણ વિદ્યાર્થીઓ ખૂબ પ્રેમાળ, "સાહેબ, તમારું ધડિયાળ" કહીને રિસેસમાં પાછું આપી જાય. એવું આઠ વાર, રહી ગયેલાં ધડિયાળો પાછા આપી ગયેલાં ।

પણ પછી કોલેજમાંથી પાંત્રીસ વર્ષ રિટાયર થયો અને કોમનલુમનું ખાનું સાફ કર્યું ત્યારે એમાં વળી એક ધડિયાળ નીકળ્યું । જે મારા ભૂતકાળના વિવિધ ધડિયાળો જેવું લાગતું હતું પણ કદાચ મારું નહીં હોય કારણ એનો પછો ખૂબ લાંબો - મારે કાંઠે બાંધું તો નાની કન્યાએ મોટી મહિલાની બંગડી પહેરી હોય એવું લાગે । એટલે એ વડિયાળ મારું નહીં હોય પણ શું થયું હશે કે મારું ધડિયાળ ખોવાયું હશે આઠ વાર અને છોકરા મને આપી ગયા હશે નવ વાર । - એમ કલ્પી લઈને કે ટેબલ પર રહી ગયેલ ધડિયાળ તો ચીજવસ્તુઓ ખોઈ નાખવાના લક્ષણધારી, પ્રો. બક્સ ત્રિપાઠીનું જ હોય ને !

આ-૧

(૨)

લેખકનું નામ અને વ્યવસાય	વિદ્યાર્થીઓએ આપેલ વસ્તુ
માહિતી આપો	
લેખકનો સ્વભાવ	રિટાયરનું વર્ષ

આ-૨) નીચેના શબ્દો માટે વપરાયેલ વિશેષજ્ઞ લખો..... (૧)

૧).....લક્ષણા, ૨).....કંચા।

આ-૩) અંગ્રેજી શબ્દ માટે વપરાતા ગુજરાતી શબ્દો લખો..... (૧)

૧) પ્રોફેસર.....

૨) રિટાયર.....

આ-૪) નવમું ઘડિયાળ લેખકનું નહોતું કારણે..... (૧)

આ-૫) તમારા જીવનની કોઈ હાસ્ય રેખાવતી ઘટના વર્ણવો.... (૧)

વિભાગ-૨ પદ્ધ -

(૧૦ ગુણા)

કૃતિ-૨ (અ) આકૃતિબંધ પૂર્ણ કરો. (૦૮)

વ્યક્તિગત માહિતી

પતિ

પિતા

સાસરું

પિયર

મીરાં મન મોહનશું માન્યું;

વરિયા વરિયા શ્રીગિરિધરલાલ, જાણો જગ, નથી કંઈ છાનું.

જયમલ રાઠોડની દીકરી રે, સુણો મીડતા એનું ધામ;

રૂપ ગુણ કોઈ સમોવડ નહીં, રૂડ ધર્યુ મીરાંબાઈ નામ,

જોશીએ વાંચી જનમોતરી રે, તેમાં લખ્યું નીકળ્યું એહ;

વરશો વિશ્વંભર નાથને રે, કરશો નંદકુંવરશું નેહ.

ઉધોતપુરનો રાણો રાજુયો રે, તે સાથે કરી છે સગાઈ;
પરણાવીને વળાવ્યાં સાસરે કંઈ, લૌકિક રીતે મીરાંબાઈ.

દેવીને દેવાં વધામણાં રે, યાલ્યાં વરકન્યા સહુજન;
રાણો પારવતીજી પૂજિયાં રે, મીરાંનું તો મોહનમાં મન.

સાસુ કહે સૌભાગ્ય વધે રે વહુ, નમો શક્તિને પાય;
મીરાં કહે મસ્તક મારું નહીં નમે, વિના શ્રીગિરિધરાય.

(૨) નીચેના શબ્દો માટે પદ્યાંશમાં વપરાયેલા શબ્દો લખો.....

(૦૨)

૧. પ્રેમ----

૨. પગ----

૩. વગર----

૪. શિર----

(૩) ભક્તિ વિશે તમારા વિચારો લખો.....

(૧)

કૃતિ ૨ (અા) નીચેના પદ્યાશ વાંચી આપેલી કૃતિ કરો.

સમાનપણે સર્વેમાં વરતવું ને, ટાળી દેવો મનનો વિરોધ રે,
હે જુ રામ, નિરમળ થઈને કાગને જીતવો ને,
રાખવો અંતરમાં વૈરાગ રે, જગતના વૈભવને મિથ્યા જાણીને.
ટાળી દેવો દુર્જનનો રાગ.
હે જુ રામ, આ લોક ને પરલોકની આશા તજવી ને
રાખવું અભ્યાસમાં ધ્યાન રે.
તરણાં સમાન સહુ સિદ્ધિઓને ગણવી ને.
મેલવું અંતરનું માન રે,

૧. કાવ્યના આધારે લખો .

(૨)

(િ) સિદ્ધિઓને ગણવી.....

(ii) તળુ દેવી.....
 (iii) મેલવું.....
 (iv) કામને જીતવો.....

2. નીચેના તળપદા શબ્દો માટે માન્ય ભાષાના શબ્દો વખો.....

(૧)

(1) મેલવું.....
 (ii) નિરમળ.....

3. કોધના પરિણામો ટાળવાના ઉપાય વિશે તમારા શબ્દોમાં વખો.....

(૨)

વિભાગ -૩ લોક સાહિત્ય

કૃતિ -૩ અ) પદ્ધ્યાશ વાંચી આપેલી કૃતિ કરો.....

(૩)

હાજુ કાસમ તારી વીજળી રે સમદરિયે વેરણ થઈ।

શેઠ કાસમ તારી વીજળી રે મધુદરિયે વેરણ થઈ।

બુજ અંજરની જાનું રે જૂતી જાય રે મુંબઈ શો'ર,

દેશ પરદેશી માનવી આવ્યાં, જાય છે મુંબઈ શો'ર,
 દસ બજે તો, ટિકટું લીધી જાય છે મુંબઈ શો'ર,

તેર તેર જાનું સામટી જૂતી બેઠા કેસરિયા વર.
 ચૌદ-વીશું માંય શેઠિયા બેઠા, છોકરાંનો ને પાર,

અગિયાર બજે આગબોટ હાંકી જાય છે મુંબઈ શો'ર.

અ-૧, આકૃતિ બંધ પૂર્ણ કરો.

(૨)

કેટલા વાગે નીકળી?	ક્યાંથી નીકળી?
વીજળી	
ક્યાં જવા નીકળી?	કેટલા શેઠિયાઓ હતા?

અ-૨) આગબોટના માલિકનું નામ લખો.....

(૧)

વિભાગ - ૩ લોકસાહિત્ય

કૃતિ-૩ (આ) નીચેનો પદ્ધયાશ વાંચી આપેલી કૃતિ કરો.....

(૩)

(૧) કોષક પૂર્ણ કરો :

સાસુએ કહું -	વહુએ માન્યું -

મેદી વેશું, મેદી વેશું, મેદી મોટાં જાડ
એક હલાવું ડાળ ત્યારે ડાળાં હવે ચાર
સૈયર | મેદી વેશું રે.

મારી સાસુએ એમ કહું કે વાસીદાં વાળી મેલ્ય.
મેં ભોળીએ એમ જાણ્યું કે સાવરણી ભાળી મેલ્ય
સૈયર | મેદી વેશું રે.

મારી સાસુએ એમ કહું કે પાણીડાં ભરી મેલ્ય.
મેં ભોળીએ એમ માન્યું કે બેડલાં ફોડી મેલ્ય.
સૈયર | મેદી વેશું રે.

મારી સાસુએ કહું કે રોટલા ઘડી મેલ્ય.
મેં ભોળીએ એમ માન્યું કે યુલા ખોદી મેલ્ય.
સૈયરા મેદી વેશું રે.

વિભાગ - ૪ વ્યાકરણ (૧૨)

કૃતિ - ૪ સૂચના પ્રમાણે કરો.

(અ) સમાસનો વિગ્રહ કરી પ્રકાર લખો.....

(૦૨)

૧. પખવાડિયું

૨. માતતાત

(આ) સંધિ છોડો.....

(૨)

૧. પ્રત્યક્ષા

૨. અદ્યાસ

(ઇ) અબંકાર ઓળખો.....

(૨)

૧. અમૃત સરીખું થઈ ગયું રે

૨. મીરાં મન મોહનશું માન્યું

(ઈ) કાળ બદલો.....(૨)

૧. તને ફેકતાં સારું આવડે છે. (ભૂતકાળ)

૨. આ લેખની ખરી ગમ્મત છે.

(ભવિષ્યકાળ)

(ઉ). એક શાબદના અનેક અર્થ લખો.....

(૨)

૧. રાગ

૨. મંગળ

(ઉ). રૂઢિપ્રયોગનો અર્થ લખો.....

(૨)

૧. તેડું મોકલવું

૨. અંખ ફાટી જવી.

વિભાગ - ૫ લેખન કૌશલ્ય

(૧૦)

કૃતિ ૫ (અ) તમારા કુટુંબમાં તમારા ભાઈ કે બહેનના જન્મદિવસની ઉજવણી માટેની રૂપરેખા તૈયાર કરો.....

(૫)

કૃતિ ૫ (આ) નીચે આપેલા પરિચેદનો ગુજરાતી ભાષામાં અનુવાદ કરો.....

(૫)

Computer is the wonder of science in 20th century. It's a good servant for us. It is able to perform any type of work, great or small. Speed and accuracy are the qualities have stunned the mankind. It is a large storehouse of information and knowledge.

FRENCH TERM EXAM (2025-26)

DURATION: 2 HOURS

FYJC

MARKS: 50

ALL QUESTIONS ARE COMPULSORY

VOCABULAIRE

(11 mks)

Q.1 (A) Choisissez la bonne réponse. (any 4)

(4 mks)

1. La Tunisie fait partie de quel continent ?
(Europe / Asie / Afrique)
2. Sarah vient du Mexique, elle est _____
(Mexicain / Mexicaine / Mexicainne)
3. On parle en utilisant une _____
(sourcil / oreille / langue)
4. _____ avez beaucoup d'argent.
(Marie et toi / Marie et moi / Marie et Sarah)
5. Robert est dans une _____
(jardin / bibliothèque / hôtel)

Q.1 (B) Répondez par une phrase. (any 4)

(4 mks)

1. Écrivez la date d'aujourd'hui.
2. La Marseillaise, qu'est ce que c'est?
3. Nommez trois pays francophones.
4. Qui est le créateur de "Adventures of Tin-Tin"?
5. Écrivez les nombres ordinaux - 21, 19

Q.1 (C) Reliez les colonnes.

(3 mks)

1. Here are Robert and Aisha	a. La Louvre
2. Noël	b. Voilà
3. Monalisa	c. Une fête
4. Au printemps	d. Avril
5. Pâques	e. Il fait beau
6. _____, le bus!	f. Voici

GRAMMAIRE

(27 mks)

Q.2 (A) Complétez avec les mots interrogatifs.

(2 mks)

1. _____ est-ce que le professeur arrive ?
2. _____ coûte les billets de ce théâtre ?

Q.2 (B) Mettez au masculin.

(2 mks)

1. La sœur de mon amie parle très bien français.
2. La dame belge est très paresseuse mais elle est bonne.

Q.2 (C) Complétez avec les articles contractés.

(2 mks)

1. Tu parles _____ voisins après le dîner ?
2. Les étudiants vont _____ bibliothèque pour étudier.
3. Voici la photo _____ parents de Julie.
4. Nous voyageons _____ Pays-Bas cet été.

Q.2 (D) Remplissez avec des prépositions.

(3 mks)

1. Mon village est _____ la montagne et la rivière. (derrière/ entre/ sous)
2. Je viens _____ Mozambique (au/ du/ des)
3. Marie va au cinéma _____ ses amis. (dessous/ avant/ sans)

Q.2 (E) Mettez au pluriel.

(4 mks)

1. Le parent aime sa maison et adore sa voiture.
2. La femme canadienne a un mari indien.
3. La fille a une robe orange.
4. C'est un animal dangereux.

Q.2 (F) Que dit-on dans les situations suivantes?

(3mks)

1. Vous demandez l'heure.
2. Vous êtes en retard.
3. Vous remerciez votre ami pour un cadeau

Q.2 (G) Donnez le contraire.

(2 mks)

1. Aller
2. Avant
3. Mauvais
4. Gros

Q.2 (H) Mettez au féminin. (2 mks)

1. L'homme zimbabwéen est beau.
2. Monsieur, c'est un garçon très mauvais.

Q.2 (I) Mettez aux adjectifs qualificatifs. (2 mks)

1. Les maisons sont _____ (gris).
2. Elle porte des chaussures _____ (bleu).

Q.2 (J) Conjuguez les verbes. (2 mks)

1. Lisa et Robert _____ (être) des amis.
2. Mme Leonard _____ (avoir) trois chiens.
3. Renard et moi _____ (parler) aux amis.
4. Tu _____ (inviter) ton père pour la fête.

Q.2 (K) Chassez l'intrus. (1 mks)

1. Inde / Mexique / Algérie

Q.2 (L) Complétez avec l'adjectif possessif. (2 mks)

1. Marie habite avec _____ famille.
2. C'est _____ frère. (je)

COMPOSITION (12 mks)

Q.3 (A) Comprehension. (5 mks)

Paris est la capitale de la France. La ville est très grande et célèbre pour ses monuments. La Tour Eiffel est un symbole de Paris. Le Louvre est un grand musée où il y a beaucoup de peintures célèbres. Il y a aussi de beaux jardins et des cafés partout dans la ville. Les habitants de Paris aiment se promener et visiter les monuments. Chaque année, des millions de touristes viennent à Paris pour voir la ville.

1. Répondez aux questions :

- a) Nommez deux monuments célèbres à Paris.
- b) Que font les habitants de Paris ?
- c) Que font les touristes chaque année ?



2. Vrai ou Faux :

- a) Le Louvre est un musée célèbre.
- b) Les habitants de Paris n'aiment pas visiter les monuments.

Q.3 (B) Traduisez en français. (2 mks)

- 1. This is my friend Carrie, she has brown eyes and long blonde hair.
- 2. Here are my students, they are young and 16 years old.

Q.3 (C) Traduisez en anglais. (2 mks)

- 1. La boulangerie, devant ma maison, commence à 7h, le mardi.
- 2. Derrière mon école, il y a une église très ancienne.

Q.3 (D) Écrivez dix phrases sur 'ma maison et ma famille'. (3 mks)