T.Y. BAF- Sem I - Reg-Escam- Dec 2022

Paper / Subject Code: 44802 / Financial Accounting - VI

Ot: - 9/12/22

		Time :	2.5 Hours	Marks: 75
T	sta .	1 Overtion No. 1 is Commulatory		
V	ote:	1. Question No. 1 is Compulsory.		
		2. Question No. 2,3,4 and 5 have inte	ernal options.	
		3. Each question carry 15 marks.		
1	1 A	Fill in the blanks with correct alterna	tives (A)	(0)
۷.		 Fill in the blanks with correct alterna Discounted Bills Purchased are show 		(8)
	1.	a) Other Assets	b) Loans	•
		c) Other Incomes	d) Advances	
	2.	Locker Rent under Banking Compan	y are shown under	
		a) Operating Expenses	b) Other Incomes	
		c) Deposits	d) Other Assets	
				in the second
	3.	Reinsurance Obligations are disclose		
		a) Current Liabilities	b) Fixed Liabilities	
		c) Contingent Liabilities	d) Advances and Othe	r Assets
	4.	is deducted from premiur	n oamad	
	4.	a) Closing O/s Premium	b) Reinsurance Premiu	m (Dr)
		c) Premium received during the year		Carlo C
	5.	is not a part of paymer	at & settlement system.	
		a) HDFC	b) IDFC	
		c) NBFC	d) ICICI	
	6.			
		a) Paid Up Capital	b) Free Reserves	1
		c) Securities Premium	d) Reserves created by Fixed Assets	revaluation of
			Fixed Assets	
	7.	LLP has		
	/ .	a) Specified Period of Life	b) Perpetual Succession	n
		c) committed only for a venture	d) No Perpetual Succe	
	8.	Capitalised value of Super Profit = S	uper Profit / × 100	
		a) Super Profit	b) Paid Up Share Capi	ital
		c) NRR	d) Average Profit	
	0	G 1 111: P 2 20 000 N 1	V CD	Com on Dungfit will be
	9.	Goodwill is Rs.3,20,000, Number of	Years of Furchase is 4 Years.	Super Profit will be
		a) Rs. 80,000	b) Rs. 3,19,996	
		c) Rs. 12,80,000	d) Rs. 3,20,004	
		0,110.12,00,000	2, 22, 2,20,00	
	10.	. The minimum number of partners LI	P can have is	
		a) 2	b) 7	
		c) 20	d) 50	

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- Q.1B. Statement whether the following statements are True or False (Any 7)
- (7)

- 1. LLP is convenient for professionals.
- 2. Out of the 2 designated partner, one should be an Indian Resident.
- 3. Intrinsic Value Per Share Method is also called as Asset Backing Method.
- 4. Goodwill doesn't have realizable value.
- 5. NBFC is registered under IRDA Act
- 6. Final Accounts of General Insurance need not be prepared in prescribed form.
- 7. Profit and Loss A/c has been prepared as per Form B-PL.
- 8. A provision of 40 % has to be created in case of Loss Assets under Provision for NPA's in case of Banking Company.
- 9. NBFC is basically a banking company.
- 10. Current Account is opened by businessman.

Q2 A. Following is trial balance of Sun Bank Ltd. Prepare Balance Sheet as on 31.03.2022. Trial balance as on 31.03.2022. (15)

Particulars	Dr. (Rs.)	Particulars	Cr.(Rs.)
Accrued interest	70,000	Share Capital of 100 each, Rs.50 called	5,00,000
Cash in hand	1,20,000	Statutory Reserve Fund	13,00,000
Cash with RBI	2,00,000	Dividend Equalization Reserve	2,00,000
Cash with Other Banks	3,00,000	Profit and Loss on 31.03.2021	5,00,000
Money at call	50,000	Current Accounts	80,000
Investment in government Securities	1,50,000	Saving Bank deposits	3,00,000
Shares and Debentures	50,000	Fixed deposits	8,00,000
Gold	3,50,000	Recurring deposit	2,00,000
Cash credit, overdraft and loan	18,90,000	Borrowings	6,00,000
Bill discounted	3,00,000	Branch Adjustment	20,000
Fixed Assets(at cost)	20,00,000	Unclaimed dividend	40,000
Fixed Assets acquired in satisfaction of claim	60,000	Proposed dividend	50,000
Advance Tax	20,000	Provision for tax	30,000
Tax deducted at source	10,000	Unexpired discount	50,000
	3.2	Bills payable	40,000
. H	7, 3	Accrued Interest	40,000
	3.	Provision for Depreciation	8,00,000
		Reserve for Doubtful Debts	20,000
	55,70,000		55,70,000

Additional Information:

- 1. Guarantees given on behalf of constituents Rs.25,000.
- 2. Liability for partly paid investment Rs.20,000.
- 3. Bills for collection Rs.2,00,000
- 4. A claim by employees for bonus amounting to Rs.15,000 is pending award of arbitration.

OR

Q2 B. The following figures have been obtained from the books of the Galaxy Bank Ltd. For the year ending 31st March, 2021. (15)

	Particulars			Amount
Interest earned			1979	50,00,000
Auditor Fees		•		16,000
Depreciation		a je		62,000
Rent received				1,24,000
Loss on sale of assets			100	76,000
Profit on sale of investm	nents			1,80,000
Printing and Stationery				4,20,000
Postage and Telegrams			100	1,22,000
Rent and Taxes				1,40,000
Director Fees *	A		137	70,000
Salaries and Wages			1	4,20,000
Interest paid				40,00,000
Commission and Exchai	nge			3,90,000
Discount earned				26,00,000

Additional Information:

- 1. The Profit and Loss account had a balance of Rs.10,00,000 on 1st April,2020.
- 2. An advance of Rs.5,68,000 has become doubtful and its expected that only 50% of the amount due can be recovered from the security.
- 3. The provision for tax amounted to Rs. 9,39,000.
- 4. A dividend of Rs.2,00,000 is proposed by the board of directors.

 Prepare profit and loss account of the bank Ltd. For the year ending 31st March,2021.

Q3 A. Following information is provided to you of Royale Fire Insurance Company Ltd for the year ended 31st March, 2022. (15)

Particulars	Amt
Claims Paid	2,25,000
Legal Expenses regarding claims	20,250
Claims unpaid (01/04/2021)	40,500
Claims unpaid (31/03/2022)	38,250
Premium received	6,75,000
Reinsurance Premium Paid	33,750
Commission on direct business	1,57,500
Management Expenses	67,500
Provision for Unexpired Risk (01/04/2021)	2,47,500
O/s Premiums (01/04/2021)	1,00,000
O/s Premiums (31/03/2022)	1,50,000
Commission on Reinsurance Business Accepted	20,000
Commission on reinsurance Business Ceded	15,000
Surveyors fees regarding claims	15,750

Provision for unexpired risk to be created @ 50%

Prepare Revenue A/c for the year ended 31st March, 2022 of Royale Fire Insurance Co. Ltd.

OR

Q3 B. M/s Jupiter & Sons whose partners shared their profits and losses in equal proportion decided to convert into LLP on the following terms and conditions on 1st April, 2021, when their Balance was as follows:

(15)

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
T-req			
Capital Balances		Building	90,750
Happy	1,00,000	Furniture	31,125
Merry	1,25,000	Equipments	15,000
Sundry Creditors	67,500	Inventory	51,000
O/s Expenses	13,125	Trade Receivables	1,20,000
Loan from Bank	45,000	Bank Balance	30,000
	, A	Cash Balance	12,750
	3,50,625		3,50,625

Terms of conversion were as follows:

- 1. Provision for Doubtful debts is to be created at 10 % on receivables
- 2. Building is to be taken over at Rs. 2,25,000
- 3. Inventory is to be revalued at Rs. 47,250
- 4. Partners took over loan from Bank
- 5. Goodwill was valued at Rs. 75,000.

You are required to:

- a) Calculate the purchase consideration
- b) Prepare Realisation A/c, Partners Capital A/c and LLP A/c.

Q4 A. The balance sheet of Prabhat as on 31st March,2022 was as under:

(15)

Balance Sheet As on 31st March, 2022

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
25,000 equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid	2,50,000	Plant	3,00,000
10,000 8% preference share of Rs.10 each	1,00,000	Furniture	2,00,000
Securities Premium	3,00,000	Freehold Premises	3,00,000
General Reserves	4,00,000	Vehicles	50,000
10% Debentures	2,00,000	Stock	2,50,000
Accounts payable	2,50,000	Debtors	3,50,000
		Cash	50,000
	15,00,000		15,00,000

The company earned profits (after tax) for the past five years as follows:

Year ended	Profit after Tax(Rs.)	Income tax rate
31.03.2018	1,80,000	40%
31.03.2019	3,38,000	35%
31.03.2020	3,64,000	35%
31.03.2021	2,60,000	35%
31.03.2022	4,20,000	30%

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The profit of 31.03.2018 includes loss due to fire Rs.30,000 and profit of 31.03.2021 included abnormal profit of Rs.40,000.

1. As on 31.03.2022 Fixed assets were worth 10% above book value

2. Normal rate of return in this type of industry is 16%

3. Closing Capital employed should be assumed as average capital employed.

You are required to calculate value of Goodwill on the basis of 3 years purchase of super profits.

OR

Q4 B. The following is the summarized Balance Sheet of Moon Ltd. As on 31st March, 2022.

(15)

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
1,00,000 equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid	10,00,000	Goodwill	1,00,000
General Reserves	5,00,000	Machinery	5,00,000
Profit and Loss A/c	5,60,000	Furniture	4,00,000
Security Premium	2,00,000	Investments	1,00,000
Sundry Creditors	8,50,000	Stock	7,00,000
Provision for Tax	5,00,000	Debtors	9,00,000
		Cash in Hand	6,000
	at me	Cash at Bank	9,00,000
		Preliminary Expenses	4,000
	36,10,000	32 27	36,10,000

Additional Information:

- 1. Machinery is valued at Rs.6,00,000
- 2. The company transfer 20% of its profit(after tax) to General Reserve.

3. Net Profits before tax for the past 3 years were as follows:

Year	Amount
31.03.2020	6,50,000
31.03.2021	7,50,000
31.03.2022	7,00,000

- 4. Normal rate of return in this type of business is 20%
- 5. Assume Income Tax @ 50%
- 6. Use simple Average.

Calculate the value of equity share by -

- a) Intrinsic Value Method
- b) Yield Value Method

Q5 A (i) Explain the difference between LLP and Partnership Firm.	(08)
(ii) Explain and concept and computation of Net Owned Fund under NBFC	(07)
OR	
Q5 B. Write Short Notes on: (Any 3)	(15)
1. Reinsurance	()

- 2. Asset Finance Company
- 3. Designated Partner
- 4. LLP Agreement
- 5. Rebate on Bills Discounted