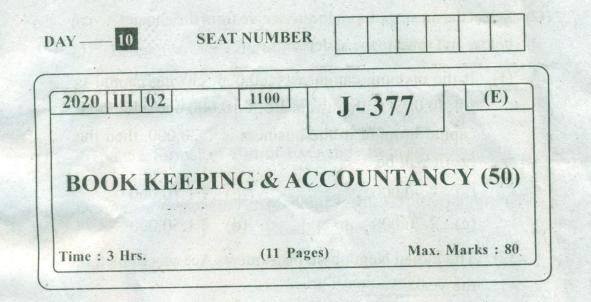
2/2/2020. HSC-MAR 2020 BRAIC



## Q. 1. Attempt any THREE of the following sub-questions: [15]

- (A) Answer the following questions in only 'one' sentence each: (5)
  - (1) What is drawer?
  - (2) What do you mean by dissolution of partnership firm?
  - (3) What is balance sheet?
  - (4) What do you mean by cash flow statement?
  - (5) Which receipts are called as capital receipts?
- (B) Write a word / term / phrase as a substitute for each of the following statements: (5)
  - (1) Expenses incurred on dissolution of a firm.
  - (2) The ratio measuring the relationship between gross profit and net sales.
  - (3) A gift given by a person to a concern as per the will.
  - (4) The partner who neither brings capital nor participates in day to day activities of business.
  - (5) Payment of the bill before due date.

0 3 7 7

(C)			e most appropriate alte d <u>rewrite</u> the statemen		m the choices given	(5)
	(1)	₹ 1,	ne opening capital is 80,000, withdrawals ital brought in the bufit will be	are ₹ 10,	000 and additional	
		(a)	₹ 90,000	(b)	₹ 1,10,000	
		(c)	₹ 70,000	(d)	₹ 1,50,000	
	(2)		Indian Negotiable In year	struments	Act was formed in	
		(a)	1818	(b)	1918	
		(c)	1881	(d)	1981	
	(3)		Y and Z are partners s 3 : 2. If Y retires then			
		(a)	5:2	(b)	5:3	
		(c)	3:2	(d)	2:5	anizo di
	(4)	The	e issue of debentures ed	less than	the face value is	
		(a)	at par	(b)	at premium	
		(c)	at discount	(d)	none of these	
	(5)		rill which is drawn or two months, the due	BATTER STREET		
		(a)	12th August, 2016	(b)	15th August, 2016	
		(c)	14th August, 2016	(d)	16th August, 2016	
(D)	Stat	e wh	ether the following st	atements	are True or False:	(5)
1 - 22	(1)	Dra	wee can transfer the o	ownership	of the bill.	
	(2)		en goodwill is paid procedures is not requir		s entry in the books	

- (3) Shares are always issued at par.
- (4) Drawings made during the year decreases the profit under single entry system.
- (5) Credit balance of profit and loss A/c shows net profit.

(E) Prepare a format of Bill of Exchange from the following information: (5)

Drawer : Madhuri Joshi, 1, Hari Mandir

Road, Kolhapur.

Drawee : Vaishali Babar,

2, Miraj Road, Sangli.

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ga Male ineres

Date of bill : 5th November, 2016

Amount of bill : ₹ 12,600

Period of bill : 90 days

Date of acceptance: 6th November, 2016 for

60 days only.

# Q. 2. Shri Amar started his business with a capital of ₹ 70,000 on 1st April, 2015. His financial position on 31st march, 2016 was as follows:

Particulars	Amount ₹
Cash	4,720
Stock	5,125
Bills payable	7,400
Creditors	8,150
Debtors	20,000
Prepaid insurance	300
Bills receivable	15,150
Premises	42,400
Vehicles	20,100

[8]

#### Additional information:

- (1) Shri Amar brought additional capital of ₹ 10,000 on 30th September, 2015.
- (2) Interest on capital is to be allowed at 5% p. a.
- (3) Shri Amar withdrew ₹ 5,000 for his personal use.
- (4) Depreciate vehicles at 10% p. a. and premises at 10% p. a.
- (5) Reserve for bad and doubtful debts is to be provided at 3% after writing off bad debts of ₹ 1,000.
- (6) Creditors of ₹ 3,180 be written off.

#### Prepare:

- (a) Closing statement of affairs as on 31-03-2016.
- (b) Statement of Profit or Loss for the year ended 31-03-2016.

#### OR

- (A) Give the meaning and types of 'comparative financial statement' and explain the steps to prepare it. (4)
- (B) Give the meaning of 'capital investment' and explain return on investment. (4)

[10]

Q. 3. Jayesh and Kamal are partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio 3:1. The following is their Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 2016:

#### Balance Sheet as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2016

Liabilities	Amount ₹	Assets	Amount ₹	
Capital accounts		Building	60,000	
Jayesh	60,000	Stock	40,000	
Kamal	50,000	Sundry debtors	31,000	

Current accounts		Cash	4,000
Jayesh	3,000	Profit and	ideac
Kamal	2,000	loss account	5,000
Sundry creditors	21,000		
General reserve	4,000		
	1,40,000		1,40,000

They admitted Vimal as a partner on 1st April, 2016 in the firm on the following terms:

- (1) She should bring ₹ 40,000 as her capital for ½th share in future profits and ₹ 20,000 as her share of goodwill.
- (2) Building is found overvalued by 20% and stock is found undervalued by 20% in the books. These assets are to be adjusted at their proper values.
- (3) ₹ 1,000 are to be maintained as reserve for doubtful debts.

#### Preapare:

- (a) Revaluation account
- (b) Old partners' current accounts
- (c) Balance Sheet of the firm after Vimal's admission

#### OR

The Balance Sheet of Mac, Paul and Sam is as follows:

### Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 2016

Liabilities	Amount ₹	Assets	Amount₹
Capital accounts		Cash	12,000
Mac	32,000	Debtors	16,000
Paul	18,000	Stock	10,000

Sam	16,000	Plant and	
Creditors	18,400	Machinery	50,000
Bills payable	3,600	THE PARTY OF THE PARTY.	achinest yaq
	88,000	1000 1000	88,000

Sam retires from the business on the above date on the following terms:

- (1) Stock to be depreciated by 6% and plant and machinery by 10%.
- (2) Provision for doubtful debts to be created at 5% on debtors.
- (3) Provision of ₹ 1,600 to be made for outstanding rent.
- (4) Goodwill of the firm is raised to the extent of retiring partner's share of ₹ 18,000 and remaining partners decided that goodwill should not appear in the books of accounts.
- (5) Their profit sharing ratio is 2:2:1.
- (6) The amount payable to the retiring partner be transferred to his loan account.

#### Prepare:

- (a) Profit and Loss Adjustment Account.
  - (b) Partners' Capital Accounts.
  - (c) Balance Sheet of Mac and Paul.
- Q. 4. On 1st March, 2016 Meenakshi sold goods to Neeta worth ₹ 40,000. Neeta accepted a bill for 3 months drawn by Meenakshi on 1st March, 2016.

On 31st May, 2016 Neeta requested Meenakshi to renew the bill. Meenakshi agreed on condition that Neeta should pay ₹ 10,000 in cash and accept a new bill for the balance amount plus interest @ 12% p. a. for 2 months.

[10]

Neeta accepted the new bill drawn for two months plus interest.

On the due date the new bill was honoured.

Give Journal Entries in the books of Meenakshi and prepare Neeta's account in the books of Meenakshi.

Q. 5. Aadesh and Sandesh were partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio 3: 2. Their Balance Sheet on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2016 was as under:

[10]

Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 2016

Liabilities	Amount ₹	Assets	Amount ₹
Capital accounts		Cash at bank	5,000
Aadesh	20,000	Stock in trade	21,000
Sandesh	14,000	Debtors	12,000
Current accounts		Bills receivable	4,000
Aadesh	3,000	Furniture	15,000
Sandesh	2,000		and the state of t
Creditors	15,000	· white	11,811,814
Bills payable	3,000	WE HAVE TO SEE	Cashearuges
	57,000		57,000

On the above date the firm was dissolved —

- (1) Assets were realised as follows:
   Furniture ₹ 12,000, stock in trade ₹ 18,000, bills receivable
   ₹ 2,500 and debtors could be realised ₹ 9,500 only.
- (2) Aadesh agreed to discharge the bills payable.
- (3) Creditors were paid under 5% discount.
- (4) Realisation expenses amounted to ₹ 3,000.Pass Journal Entries in the books of the firm.

OR

Akshat Co. Ltd. made an issue of 10,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each, payable as follows:

On application ₹ 2 per share

On allotment ₹ 4 per share

On first call ₹ 3 per share

On second and final call ₹ 1 per share

The company received applications for 15,000 equity shares of which applications for 5,000 equity shares were rejected and money refunded. All the shareholders paid upto the second call except Kavita, the allottee of 1,000 equity shares who failed to pay upto the final call.

Pass Journal Entries in the books of Akshat Co. Ltd.

Q. 6. Divya Library, Buldhana showed the following position of their accounting. Consider the adjustments given and prepare Income and Expenditure Account for the year ending 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2016 and Balance Sheet as on that date:

Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 2015

Liabilities	Amount ₹	Assets	Amount ₹
Capital fund	3,45,000	Furniture	36,250
Expenses due	3,500	Books	2,75,500
		Investment in	
		securities	25,000
44 36 2 115 300 140		Cash in hand	4,250
		Cash at bank	7,500
	3,48,500		3,48,500

[12]

# Receipts and Payments Account for the year ending 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2016

Dr. Cr.

Receipts	Amount ₹	Payments	Amount ₹
To Balance b/d		By Electricity	
Cash in hand	4,250	charges	3,490
Cash at bank	7,500	By Postage	3,050
To Membership		By Books	
subscriptions	90,000	purchased	40,000
To Entrance fees	12,500	By Payment for	
To Sale of scrap	750	expenses due	3,500
To Hire of		By Sundry	
lecture hall	9,000	expenses	5,250
To Interest on	ON OUR P	By Investment	stance (
securities	2,000	in securities	50,000
		By Furniture	14,000
Maria de la pesar		By Balance C/d	S CHAMIC
		Cash in hand	3,210
		Cash at bank	3,500
	1,26,000		1,26,000

#### Adjustments:

- (1) During the current year, furniture was purchased on 1st October, 2015. Depreciate furniture @ 10% p. a.
- (2) Depreciate books by ₹ 50,000.
- (3) Membership subscription received during the year includes ₹7,500 for the year 2016-2017 and ₹3,750 are outstanding for the current year.
- (4) Capitalise ½ of the entrance fees.

[15]

Q. 7. From the following Trial Balance and Adjustments given below, you are required to prepare Trading and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2016 and Balance Sheet as on that date of M/s Durgesh and Dinesh:

Trial Balance as on 31st March, 2016

Debit Balance	Amount₹	Credit Balance	Amount ₹
Opening stock	9,000	Capital A/c's	W. 51 (6.1)
Cash in hand	1,200	Durgesh	17,500
Discount allowed	450	Dinesh	17,500
Salaries	650	Sales	23,600
Land and building	25,000	Sundry creditors	14,500
Furniture	9,000	Bills payable	3,500
Plant and	The control of the co	Bank loan	10,000
machinery	11,000	Discount received	750
Sundry debtors	12,500	Purchase return	1,100
Interest paid	425		
Printing and			
stationary	600		
Purchases	16,000		
Wages	1,400		We <sub>re</sub>
Sales return	900	DIGITAL CONTRACTOR	
Bad debts	325		
	88,450		88,450

#### Adjustments:

- (1) The stock on hand on 31st March, 2016 was valued at ₹ 14,500.
- (2) Outstanding salary was ₹ 350.
- (3) Wages paid in advance to workers ₹ 600.
- (4) Depreciate land and building at 5% p. a. and plant and machinery at 10% p. a.
- (5) Write off ₹ 500 for further bad debts.



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